INTRODUCTION:

NENO, Network of Estonian Non-Profit Organisations

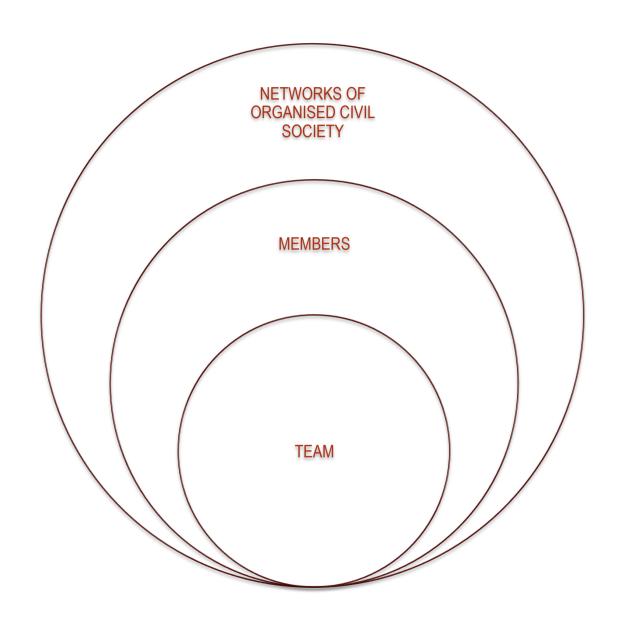
Civil Society Landscape in Estonia

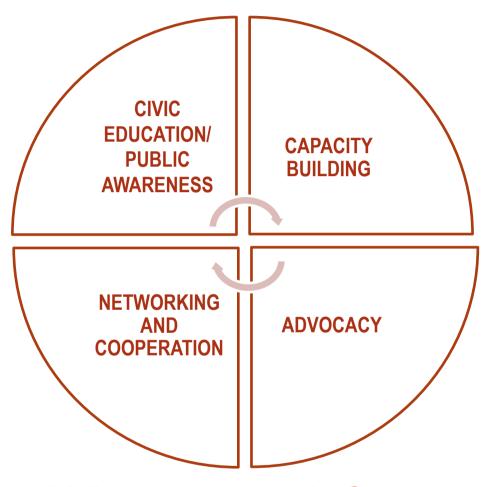
NENO is the single and largest Estonian organisation uniting public benefit nonprofits

Mission: to give voice to and advocate on behalf of public benefit organisations and its work is dedicated to the development and promotion of civic action and civil society in Estonia

Goals: to foster development trends and provide development services to nonprofits, increase public awareness, advocate for the interests of public benefit NGOs, and improve working relations with public and business sectors.

- 102 members
- Information network with approx 4000 contacts, Estonian and Russian
- Strategic partner to the Ministry of Interior for civil society development





What do we do?

CIVIC EDUCATION

Concept of a GOOD CITIZEN

- Database of NGOs affiliating civic education, methods and materials
- Public discussions, awareness raising (Festival of Opinion Culture, watchdogs of elections, People's Assembly)



ADVOCACY

In order to develop a more supportive environment for civic action and sustainability of NGOs

- Implementation of Estonian Civil Society Development Concept (EKAK), including monitoring how the principles are followed
- Open governance and participation policies

- ♦ Indirect support

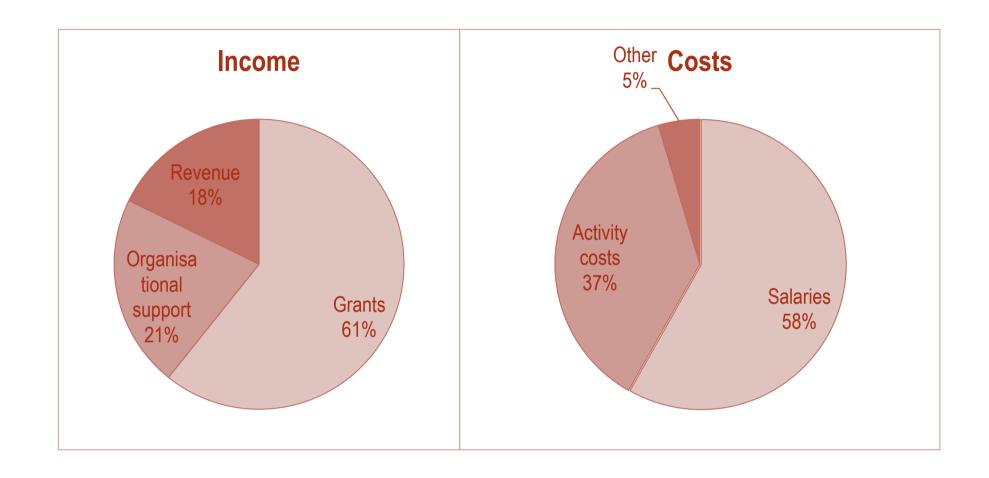


CAPACITY BUILDING

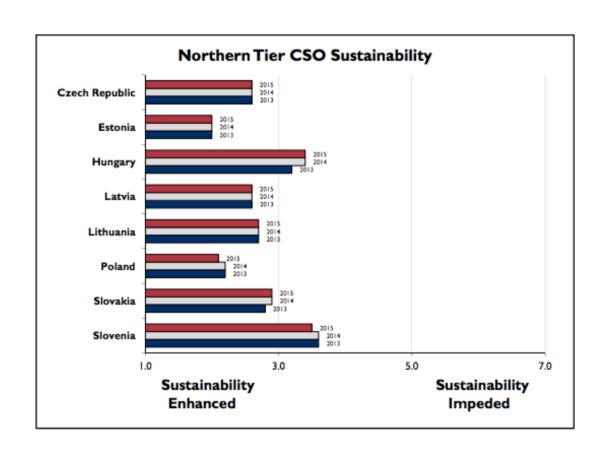
In order to support capacity of public benefit organisations so that they are better in their roles and sustainable in actions

- NGO development programmes
- ♦ Future foresight
- ♦ Civil society summer-school
- Spring-school on participation and involvement
- Advocacy Lab as a development programme for capacity building in





Civil society in Estonia has been rated most sustainable by USAID in the Central and Eastern European Countries and has grown in numbers



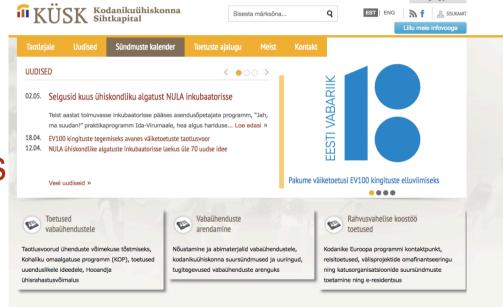
- ■30 000 associations and foundations professional and voluntary
- mostly less than 10 members (41%)
- •membership fees most important to 58%; local governments 37%, income from fees and services 28%
- ■21% have paid staff
- ■31% of population has practiced voluntary work
- ■30 mil EUR donations

VOLUNTEERING



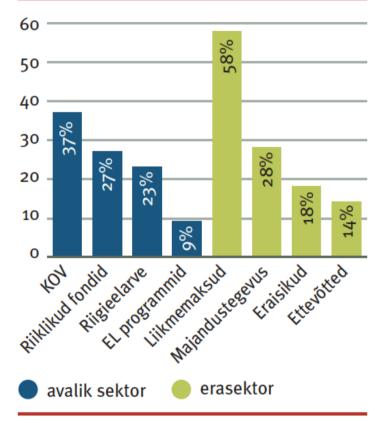
INFRASTRUCTURE

- Funding
- Advice
- Strong umbrellas
- Networks and coalitions
- Working groups and councils



INCOME & RESOURCES

Kolme olulisema hulgas nimetatud sissetulekuallikad vabaühendustes



Allikas: TLÜ "Kodanikualgatuse institutsionaliseerumine Eestis" (2014)

Three most important income sources for civil society organisations:

- local governments
- state funds
- state budget
- EU structural funds
- membership fees
- revenue from services
- private donations

Framework for development and cooperation – Civil Society Development Concept

- Initiated by civil society
- Approved by the Parliament in 2002
- States aims and principles for cooperation for civil society development
- Implementation: Joint Committee; action plans; public hearings
- National strategy (Development Plan) for civil society for a 4 year period
- Results: NFCS, attention to civic education, volunteering, guidelines for funding from the state budget; good practice of involvement, etc

Civil society is a policy area: value of institutionalised civil society development

JOINT DECISIONS

JOINT COMMITTEE of GOVERNMENT AND CS REPRESENTATIVES; GOOD PRACTECES FOR COOPERATION MEMBERS AND NETWORKS ARE INVOLVED IN CS DEVELOPMENT DISCUSSIONS

PLAN OF ACTIVITIES

STRATEGY; ACTION PLANS; BUDGET DEDICATED TO CIVIL SOCIETY DEVELOPMENT

ENVIRONMENT FOR CIVIC ACTION ASSESSED AND IMPROVED; NEW PROGRAMS STARTED

MONITORING

GOVERNMENT ASSESSES IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTION PLANS, PARLIAMENT THE CONCEPT

ACTIVITIES AND IMPACT ASSESSED BY GOVERNMENT, HEARING AT THE PARLIAMENT

Estonian Civil Society Development Concept (2002) describes the framework for CS-government cooperation

Good Practice of Involvement Guidelines for Funding CSOs from State Budget

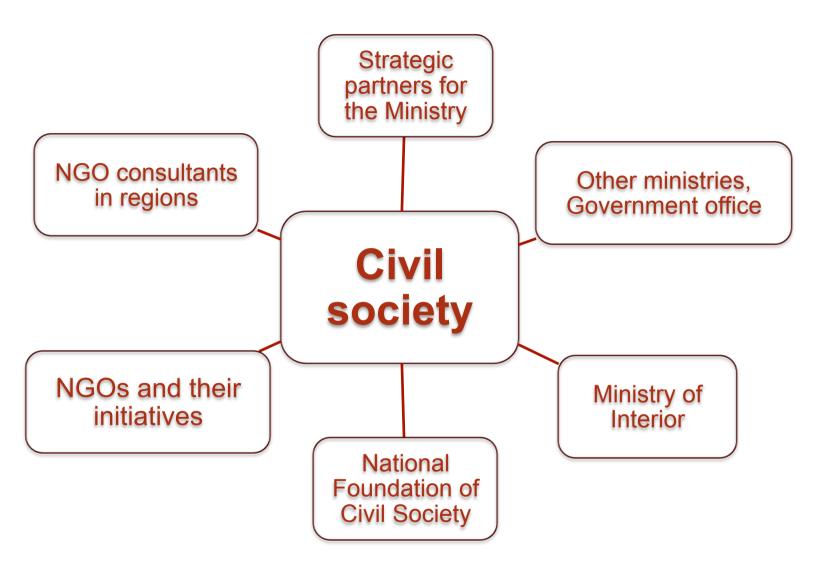
Open Government Partnership

Open consultation platforms

Boards and committees for involving interest groups

National Foundation for Civil Society Development Monitoring transparency, accessibility and impact of funding

Capacity building of civil servants, social partners and CSOs



Implementation of civil society development concept

New topics

- Social innovation and social enterprises
- Digital services and e-democracy
- Populism and CS role in integration
- Community involvement and community services
- etc

Developments

- Well functioning cooperation structures – formal and informal
- Frameworks for involving: Good Practice of Involvement, involvement coordinators, monitoring of principles
- Concept of strategic partnership
- Growing awareness in the potential in communities
- Supportive infrastructure: legal environment, advice, trainings
- Funding for capacity building

Need to work with

- Transparency and impact of funding
- Main problems in involvement practices: objective setting, involvement in early stages, feedback.
- Lack of skills to back up good practices
- Capacity of advocacy organisations
- Trust and belief in the potential of civic activism, political will
- Need for more strategic philanthropy
- Gap in the capacity of CSOs

Civil society as a strategic partner to the government?

- Agreed consultation channels
- Support for advocacy initiatives
- Participation and representation of civic organisations in cooperation:
 - implementation of EKAK
 - open governance
 - funding issues
 - task forces (social innovation)
- Longer term stability for the organisation

NENOs role in networking

We speak up only on issues that influence civil society on the whole

- All members can raise issues
- NENO has a legitimacy to work as an expert
- Partnerships and informal collaboration

- knowing the needs of members and the network
- consultations for opinions
- sharing information to NGOs
- gathering information

How we involve our members:

- General Assembly
- overview members
- member-gatherings
- short consultations on website
- issue based gatherings
- quarterly reporting on advocacy efforts
- feed-back survey once a year

EXPECTATIONS TO STUDY-VISIT

Wednesday, May 3

Network of Estonian Nonprofit Organisations

- Introduction to the civil society landscape in Estonia, including characteristics, organization of citizens and CS groups, main statistics, challenges and best practices. Role of NENO as main CSO network.
- Introduction to the legal environment in Estonia, types of NGOs, their foundation and taxation.
- Role of Civil Society Development Concept in the perspective of CSOs: how the agreement can be used as an advocacy tool as well as a guide for planning CS development. Code of Ethics as a self- regulation tool supporting accountability of the sector.

Thursday, May 4

Government Office

 Cooperation measures to enhance participation. State policies for regulating and monitoring involvement of civil society and social partners.

Ministry of the Interior

 National strategy for civil society development: concept and execution plan. Joint committee as a structure for cooperation between government and civil society

Civil Society Support Group in the Parliament

How can it support civil society development, what are its goals and activities

Best practice: the People's Assembly as a method for crowd sourcing

Friday, May 5

National Foundation for Civil Society

- Best practice: advocacy on funding mechanisms
- State funding for CSOs in Estonia. National Foundation for Civil Society: establishment of the foundation, involving civil society in decision making, strategy for supporting civil society development, measures and open calls.

E-Estonia Showroom

An overview of the success story of e-Estonia: the underlying mechanisms
of digitalizing a society, an overview of the main challenges and policy, an
understanding of the infrastructure, e-solutions and services.

Ministry of Finance

 Best practice: State Budget Portal and transparency of the use of public budgets. Contacts:

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